Navigating the Library
NURS 170
Jody Nelson, Librarian
FALL 2019
Navigating the Library

1. Information literacy
2. Search strategies
3. Find your sources
What is Information Literacy (IL)?

**DETERMINE** the nature and extent of information needed.

**ACCESS** appropriate information sources and use them effectively to retrieve relevant information, revising searches as needed.

Critically **EVALUATE** the quality of the information, its source, context, and relevance to the specific situation.

**USE** information effectively to accomplish your purpose: Select, analyze, integrate, and communicate.

Understand the **ETHICAL** and **LEGAL** aspects surrounding the use of information

Adapted from: ACRL Information Literacy Competency Standards for Nursing, [http://www.ala.org/acrl/standards/nursing](http://www.ala.org/acrl/standards/nursing)
DETERMINE the nature and extent of information needed.

ACCESS appropriate information sources and use them effectively to retrieve relevant information, revising searches as needed.

Critically EVALUATE the quality of the information, its source, context, and relevance to the specific situation.

USE information effectively to accomplish your purpose: Select, analyze, integrate, and communicate.

Understand the ETHICAL and LEGAL aspects surrounding the use of information.

Adapted from: ACRL Information Literacy Competency Standards for Nursing, http://www.ala.org/acrl/standards/nursing
EVIDENCE-INFORMED DECISION-MAKING AND NURSING PRACTICE

CNA POSITION

Evidence-informed decision-making is an important element of quality care in all domains of nursing practice and is integral to effect changes across the health-care system.¹

Evidence-informed decision-making is a continuous interactive process involving the explicit, conscientious and judicious consideration of the best available evidence to provide care. It is essential to optimize outcomes for individual clients, promote healthy communities and populations, improve clinical practice, achieve cost-effective nursing care and ensure accountability and transparency in decision-making within the health-care system.²

Evidence is information acquired through research and the scientific evaluation of practice. Types of evidence include information derived from a broad range of rigorous methodologies including quantitative studies (such as randomized controlled trials, observational studies) qualitative studies (such as case studies, ethnography, phenomenology) and meta-analysis. Evidence also includes expert opinion in the form of consensus documents, commission reports, regulations and historical or experiential information.³
Position Statement

EVIDENCE-INFORMED DECISION-MAKING AND NURSING PRACTICE

CNA POSITION

is an important element of quality care in all domains of nursing practice.

Evidence-informed decision-making is a continuous interactive process involving the explicit, conscientious and judicious consideration of the best available evidence to provide care. Evidence is information acquired through research and the scientific evaluation of practice.
Information Literacy, applied:

**KNOW** - Your NURS 170 paper requirements!

**ACCESS** - via Resources covered in today’s Library workshop

**EVALUATE** – Think critically about the **Source, Context and Relevance**

**USE** - Keep track of all sources of ideas / information.
- Respect the source. Don’t take information out of context.
- Follow APA guidelines for in-text citations,

*Understand the **ETHICAL** aspects surrounding the use of information*
Navigating the Library

1. Information literacy
2. Search strategies
3. Find your sources
1. Information literacy
2. Search strategies
3. Find your sources

Navigating the Library

Searching: CINAHL Complete | Choose Databases

elder abuse in nursing homes in Canada

AND

No results were found.

Reducing elder abuse in long-term care

Nurses are concerned about the incidence of elder abuse in Canada. The Registered Nurses Association of Ontario and CNA are partnering to develop educational resources for staff at long-term care homes. The goal of this project, Promoting the Awareness of Elder Abuse in Long-Term Care Homes, is to increase direct service providers' understanding of this serious patient safety issue, help them recognize abuse and take appropriate action. To learn more, contact project manager Pamela VanBelle at pamelav@RNAO.org or nurse consultant Norma Freeman at norma@nurse.org.cn.
Navigating the Library
1. Information literacy
2. Search strategies
3. Find your sources

1. Identify key ideas
2. Learn about the issues
4. Use the search tips!
Search Strategy #1

Identify key ideas

• Find the main/key ideas: 5 W’s
What role can nurses play in advocating for and promoting the respectful treatment of elderly care home residents?

- Who?
- What?
- Where / when / context?
- Related
Search Strategy #1

Identify key ideas

Also ask:
* Related nursing ideas, issues?
* Related terms, approaches?
* Relevance to nursing?

What do Nursing Organizations & Associations have to say?
Google Site: search

- Identify relevant website, such as the Registered Nurses Association of Ontario
- Find the main domain in the url: **rnao.ca**
- Use **site:** to focus google search to site
- Example:

  advocacy  site:rnao.ca
Let’s Practice!

Work on question one on your worksheet.

• Main concepts? (pick 2 or 3)
• Relevant info from Nursing Associations?
• Any synonyms or related keywords?
Search Strategy #2

Learn more about the issues

- Skim background resources:
  - Nursing Association sites, textbooks, government sources

- For topic overview:
  - Explain unfamiliar nursing terms
  - Find nursing approaches
Home - Alberta Elder Abuse Awareness Council (A.E.A.A.C)

The conference will be held at the River Cree Resort and Casino 300 East Lapotac Blvd, Enoch, AB T7X 3Y3. Alberta Elder Abuse Awareness Council and Alberta Seniors and Housing are proud to co-host FACE IT: Elder Abuse Happens - Elder Abuse Happens ...

Seniors' Abuse Help Line | Call 1-800-943-4567

edmonton.cmha.ca › Programs and Services › Older Adult Services

Nov 6, 2015 - Seniors abuse violates your basic human rights. It’s exploitative behavior, which makes you feel intimidated or afraid to speak up. It’s not abuse that they prescribed anyone! In 2001, the Edmonton Elder Abuse Resource Team was formed to provide information and support to survivors, their families, and anyone who has been affected by this problem. We support the work of the Edmonton Elder Abuse Resource Team.

“Elder abuse”

*Think about your web sources!

Elder / Senior Citizen Abuse Support - Community Social Services

https://www.cssalberta.ca/Our-Services/Elder-Citizen-Abuse-Support-Program

Elder Abuse Resource and Supports (EARS) provides counseling, a referral as well as information and presenters on elder abuse, self-abuse, neglect, and early intervention. This team's main focus is supporting older adults who are at risk of abuse or neglect. This team's main focus is supporting older adults who are at risk of abuse or neglect.

Elder abuse - Wikipedia


Elder abuse (also called "elder mistreatment", "senior abuse", "abuse in later life", "abuse of older adults", "abuse of older women", and "abuse of older men") is "a single, or repeated act, or lack of appropriate action, occurring within any relationship where there is an expectation of trust, which causes harm or potential for harm to the older person's health, safety, quality of life, or property.

Elder abuse (also called "elder mistreatment", "senior abuse", "abuse in later life", "abuse of older adults", "abuse of older women", and "abuse of older men") is "a single, or repeated act, or lack of appropriate action, occurring within any relationship where there is an expectation of trust, which causes harm or potential for harm to the older person's health, safety, quality of life, or property."
"elder abuse" site:canada.ca

*Tips:*
- Start with a reliable source
- site:
- ""
Start with a **reliable** website!

health-related topics, health organizations, nursing associations in Canada, and around the world.
Background information and definitions? Check out our **encyclopedias** page.
On your own:

Have a look at worksheet question two.

- Seek out **reliable sources** of background information relating to your topic.
  - Keep track of all sources of information you find!
  - As you find new related words, add to your chart!

- If your topic changes a bit, that’s ok!
Search Strategy #3

- Use AND between different ideas:
  - senior AND lgbtq
- Use OR between related words
  - Senior OR elderly OR aging
- Truncation *
  - Nurs*=nurse, nurses, nursing

Use the search tips for better results!
Let’s Practice!

Work on question **three** on your worksheet.

Link your different ideas with “and” and your similar ideas with “or”.
Navigating the Library

1. Information literacy
2. Search strategies
3. Find your sources

☑ Scholarly, peer-reviewed articles
Is it scholarly?
Navigating the Library

1. Information literacy
2. Search strategies
3. Find your sources

- Scholarly, peer-reviewed articles
- Credible online sources
- Quality Books & eBooks
nursing AND history AND canad*
SEARCH: nursing AND history AND canad*
Tip: Use the same search for articles

SEARCH: nursing AND history AND canad*
Tip: Use the same search for articles.

Today we’ll use the nursing database!

SEARCH: nursing AND history AND canad*
Find a Database

Search Library Resources

Find books, articles, and more.
Start your search for scholarly articles with one of these databases.

Research Process

Starting
Pick out the main ideas from your topic and generate some keywords.
Databases

- CINAHL Complete
  Comprehensive research database for nursing and allied health professionals.

- MEDLINE (EBSCO version)
  Medicine, nursing, allied health, biological sciences, as they relate to medicine and health care
  more...

- ProQuest Public Health
  A starting point for public health information, literature, and research
  more...

- Nursing Reference Center Plus
  Conditions & diseases, patient education resources, drug information and best practice guidelines.
  more...

- PsycINFO
  Psychology and psychological aspects of related disciplines.
  more...
Search Results: 1 - 7 of 7

1. Lessons Learned from an LGBTQ Senior Center: A Bronx Tale.
   Cited References: (35)
   Academic Journal
   Find it PlumX Metrics

2. Housing for ageing LGBTQ people in Sweden: a descriptive study of needs, preferences, and concerns.
   Subjects: GLBT Persons; Aging; Housing; Adult: 19-44 years; Middle Aged: 45-64 years; Aged: 65+ years; Female; Male
   Academic Journal
   Find it PlumX Metrics
Search Results: 1 - 7 of 7

1. Lessons Learned from an LGBTQ Senior Center: A Bronx Tale.
   Cited References: (35)

2. Housing for ageing LGBTQ people in Sweden: a descriptive study of needs, preferences, and concerns.
   Subjects: GLBT Persons; Aging; Housing; Adult: 19-44 years; Middle Aged: 45-64 years; Aged: 65+ years; Female; Male
Databases have their own terminology! Find and use the database words in your searches!
Then use with **OR** to expand your search, for better results!
Unsure? Look up the words in the database thesaurus (CINAHL Headings)
Click on FIND IT to get to full text.
Click on article title to go to more options…
PROMOTING AWARENESS of LGBT Issues in Aging in a Baccalaureate Nursing Program.

Authors: Lim, Fidelindo A.; Bernstein, Ilya

Source: Nursing Education Perspectives (National League for Nursing) (NURS EDUC PERSPECT), 2012; 33(3): 170-175. (6p)

Publication Type: Journal Article - tables/charts

Language: English

Major Subjects: Education, Nursing, Baccalaureate -- Trends GLBT Persons Gerontologic Nursing -- Education

Minor Subjects: Aged; Curriculum -- Trends; Patient Centered Care -- Education

Abstract: It is estimated that up to 10 percent of the American population is lesbian, gay, bisexual, or transgender (LGBT) and that up to 7 million members of this population are elderly. Both the Institute of Medicine and Healthy...
NOTE: Review the instructions at EBSCO Support Site and make any necessary corrections before using. Pay special attention to personal names, capitalization, and dates. Always consult your library resources for the exact formatting and punctuation guidelines.

**APA**

(American Psychological Assoc.)

**References**

Tips for Finding Articles!

1. Use CINAHL!
2. Use these database tips:
   - Try adding: nurs*
   - Check the database words!
   - Email articles with APA citations!
Let's Practice!

Work on question **four** of your worksheet.

Try to find at least one current article that discusses your topic.

*Record article information (citation information)*

*Scholarly Peer-Reviewed: Double-check the article!*

*What subject words are used to describe it?*
APA Resources

*APA Style Handout (PDF): goo.gl/RLDtKn

*OWL (Online Writing Lab), Purdue University: https://owl.purdue.edu/owl/research_and_citation/apa_style/apa_style_introduction.html

*Quick APA? http://library.macewan.ca/help

*Writing help? Drop-in at the Writing Centre Rm 7-112 (building 7), Monday-Friday, 9-4
Next steps:

• Refine, rethink your searches & search terms as you develop your ideas.

• Visit the library often: online or in person
  • [http://library.macewan.ca/help](http://library.macewan.ca/help)
Thank you!

What did YOU think of this session?

https://macewan.libwizard.com/f/InstructionFeedback_Jody